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CPRA Receives $15M Grant to Fund RESTORE Act Adaptive Management Program

BATON ROUGE, LA – The Louisiana Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority (CPRA) has been awarded $15 million for research, data collection, and implementation of its Adaptive Management program to increase effectiveness and flexibility when implementing coastal projects under the Resources and Ecosystems Sustainability, Tourist Opportunities and Revived Economies of the Gulf Coast States Act of 2012 (RESTORE Act). The grant from the Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Council (RESTORE Council) adds to the $19.5 million the Council previously awarded to CPRA under the Spill Impact Component for these purposes and extends the timeline for activities by three years.

“This couldn't be a more-timely announcement, as these funds are going toward our System Wide Assessment and Monitoring Program (SWAMP) to extend it to our southwest coastal parishes,” said CPRA Board Chairman Chip Kline. “We’re working to increase the monitoring equipment and data westward from Bayou Lafourche to the Louisiana-Texas border, adding to our existing Coastwide Reference Monitoring System (CRMS) and Barrier Island Comprehensive Monitoring (BICM) programs. This is the kind of data we need to put more coastal restoration and protection projects on the ground in the most efficient and effective manner.”

CPRA has developed SWAMP as a long-term monitoring program to ensure a comprehensive network of coastal data collection activities are in place to support the development, implementation, and adaptive management of the coastal
protection and restoration program within coastal Louisiana, in addition to monitoring the recovery of coastal resources from the *Deepwater Horizon* Oil Spill.

“CRMS and BICM are giving us excellent data on our coastal environment and its challenges, but we need even more to achieve a comprehensive, systematic, long-term program of monitoring and data input,” said CPRA Executive Director Bren Haase. “With SWAMP we are working to increase our understanding of Louisiana’s varied sediment foundation, to better understand the interactions of our geology, vegetative biomass, water quality, waves, currents, weather, climatological impacts and much more. We need to do the right things in the right way, incorporating lessons learned from previous projects and the best available science throughout the entire process. That’s what SWAMP and Adaptive Management are all about.”

CPRA is applying the majority of the funds to four major initiatives: SWAMP Implementation west of Bayou Lafourche; Regional Geology and Sediment Management; Data Management; and Monitoring Data Interpretations. An additional $26 million will be available from the RESTORE Council under the Spill Impact Component for Adaptive Management in the future as these funds become available between now and 2031.

“We appreciate the Council recognizing that this is the application of science in a highly effective manner, putting it to work to strengthen and streamline our coastal program,” said CPRA Coastal Resources Administrator Richard Raynie, head of the Adaptive Management team.

The entirety of the funding comes from RESTORE Act allocations derived from 80 percent of all Clean Water Act penalties paid by those responsible for the 2010 *Deepwater Horizon* Gulf oil spill disaster to Gulf Coast restoration activities.

The RESTORE Act contains five different funding components, one of which directs 30 percent of the funds to each of the five Gulf Coast States based on a formula established by regulation for expenditure for ecological and economic restoration of the Gulf Coast region (the Spill Impact Component). In order for a Gulf Coast state
to receive funding under the Spill Impact Component of the RESTORE Act, the states must first submit a plan to the RESTORE Council for the expenditure of Trust Fund monies through that funding component. The State of Louisiana was the first state to have a Spill Impact Component plan accepted by the RESTORE Council, a plan guided by the state’s Comprehensive Master Plan for a Sustainable Coast. Louisiana’s Spill Impact Component plan identifies $60.9 million for adaptive management over 15 years.

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*Louisiana’s Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority is the single state entity with authority to develop, articulate, implement, and enforce a comprehensive coastal restoration and protection Master Plan of unified vision to reduce hurricane storm surge flood impact, to restore our bountiful natural resources, to build land to protect our nation’s critical energy infrastructure, and to secure Louisiana’s coast now and for future generations.*