

STATE OF LOUISIANA
PARISH OF EAST BATON ROUGE
COASTWIDE REFERENCE MONITORING SYSTEM FOR THE
COASTAL PROTECTION AND RESTORATION AUTHORITY OF
LOUISIANA

A Request for Proposal pre-proposal meeting
held on Tuesday, February 14, 2012, at their
office located at the Griffon Room, LaSalle
Building, 617 North 3rd Street, Baton Rouge,
Louisiana 70802 beginning at 10:02 a.m.

BEFORE:

Susan Erkel
Certified Court Reporter
In and For the State of
Louisiana

A P P E A R A N C E S

DONA WEIFENBACH, CRS MANAGER, CPRA,
LAFAYETTE FIELD OFFICE

GLEN CUROLE, CRS SUPERVISOR, CPRA,
THIBODAUX FIELD OFFICE

BILL BOSHART, CRS SUPERVISOR, CPRA,
NEW ORLEANS FIELD OFFICE

LEIGH ANNE SHARP, CRS SUPERVISOR, CPRA,
LAFAYETTE FIELD OFFICE

ED HAYWOOD, CRS MANAGER, CPRA, BATON ROUGE
DAVID BURKHOLDER, ENGINEER 7 MANAGER,
CPRA BATON ROUGE

BARRY ZERINGUE, CPRA SUPPORT SERVICES SECTION
RENITA HOSKINS, DNR CONTRACTS AND GRANTS

I N D E X

1		
2		
3	CAPTION	1
4	APPEARANCE	2
5	INDEX	3
6	PROCEEDINGS	4
7	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE	27
8	REPORTER'S PAGE	28
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

PROCEEDINGS

Good morning. We'll start the pre-proposal meeting. I'm Dona Weifenbach. I'm the Contract Manager in the Lafayette Field Office and I'd like to introduce the team to you that works on the CRMS project. We have Glen Curole who is the Supervisor of our Thibodaux Field Office. Bill Boshart is the Supervisor of our New Orleans Field Office. Leigh Anne Sharp is the Supervisor of the Lafayette Field Office. Ed Haywood is the Database Manager out of Baton Rouge. David Burkholder is the Contract Manager from Baton Rouge. Barry Zeringue is with our CPRA Support Services Section. Renita Hoskins is with DNR Contracts and Grants.

Just a quick overview of the presentation that I'll give you today. We're going to look at Administrative and General Information for the contract, the scope of the work, the evaluation criteria, the performance standards and then some more sources for information.

Looking at the schedule of events, the schedule of events, the RFP was distributed

1 on January 30 and an addendum was
2 distributed on February 2. There were two
3 (2) items in the addendum. One was a
4 different title from Ecological Services to
5 the Coastal Reference Monitoring System
6 wetlands contract. And the second change
7 was the duration of the contract which is
8 three (3) years.

9 This is the Pre-proposal Conference.
10 The deadline for written questions is
11 February 20. The Proposal Deadline is March
12 5 with a Notice of Intent to Award on April
13 2. Contract Initiation is August 1st of
14 this year. When you submit the proposal,
15 you'll one signed original and six (6)
16 copies to Renita Hoskins. And she is also
17 who you will send your questions to, written
18 questions. Your proposal must be delivered
19 to DNR Contracts and Grants no later than
20 3:00 p.m. on March 5, 2012.

21 There are three main tasks that are in
22 the CRMS scope of work. The first task is
23 probably the smallest percentage of the
24 work, that is environmental site
25 assessments; description of habitats and

1 populations; ecological analyses;
2 programmatic review and recommendations;
3 literature reviews, and evaluation of
4 restoration projects.

5 The second task: Environmental surveys
6 and data collection is one of the primary
7 tasks of the monitoring programs;
8 environmental and biological surveys, damage
9 assessments to our CRMS sites after storms
10 and man made disasters; and mainly data
11 collection; vegetation, hydrologic, surface
12 elevation, accretion, and soil properties.

13 The third task is Statistical Data
14 Analysis and Data Management is a primary
15 task. You assemble data from a variety of
16 sources; we have a stringent QA/QC
17 procedure; there is some statistical
18 analysis of data; developing conclusions and
19 making recommendations based on analyses;
20 developing and operating a GIS system.

21 So this is the site distribution across
22 the coast of the CRMS site. (A map was
23 presented.) I want to backtrack just a
24 minute here and say that CRMS is funded by
25 the CWPPRA Program and the purpose of CRMS

1 is to collect data to evaluate their CWPPRA
2 Restoration Project and their Restoration
3 Program.

4 So the deliverable of this contract is
5 consistent high quality data. That's the
6 objective of the program. You see the site
7 distribution. There are about 381 sites in
8 this scope; about 36 are floating; 309 non-
9 floating; and about 50 are swamp sites. The
10 quantity and class of site may change over
11 time during the duration of the contract.

12 This is an overview (slide presented) of
13 the CWPPRA Project specific monitoring that
14 is included in the contract and there are 40
15 continuous recorders involved and 44
16 discrete hydrologic measurements that are
17 taken.

18 This is a typical CRMS design (slide
19 presented). The station, the sampling area
20 is one kilometer square; aerial photography
21 is taken approximately every three (3) years
22 and USGS manages that and analyzes it for
23 land to water. Within that kilometer
24 square, there's a two meter intensive data
25 collection area. Within that area are

1 different monitoring stations. There's ten
2 (10) vegetation stations on a transect,
3 There are surface elevation table which is
4 at the boardwalk which is already
5 constructed. Accretion plots are around the
6 boardwalk. And there's a datasonde in a
7 nearby waterbody which collects hourly water
8 level salinity and temperature. And soil
9 samples are taken at each station.

10 I'll go into a little bit more detail
11 about each vegetation sampling type; core
12 vegetation and emergent marsh vegetation.
13 There are ten (10) permanent plots that are
14 two by two meters square along a transect.
15 You look at vegetation composition, the
16 cover and height. That's sampled annually
17 from mid July until September.

18 This is a photograph of a typical site
19 in the marsh, a two by two meter plot the
20 pole remains over time.

21 It's a little different, vegetation in
22 the swamp site. There are three (3)
23 different layers of sampling. And there's a
24 different time scale of sampling. There's a
25 canopy layer, which is a 20 by 20 meter

1 plot: three (3) plots, DBH, canopy cover is
2 collected and it's sampled every three (3)
3 years from July to September. We had one
4 data set collected this year. This summer
5 this data will be collected. The understory
6 layer are three (3) six by six plots nested
7 within the canopy layer plot. And that also
8 is sampled every three (3) years. That
9 three plots nested inside the understory
10 layer are herbaceous layers and these are
11 sampled annually.

12 This is a diagram of the swamp veg
13 design so you can picture it a little
14 better.

15 And then our hydrology sampling: we have
16 continuous recorders at all sites. There
17 are three different types right now.
18 There's open-water site if there's open
19 water near the kilometer square. There are
20 well sites that are placed alongside the
21 boardwalk if there is no open water in the
22 area. And then there's floating marsh.
23 Those are two types: true floating and
24 static. I'll show you some photographs of
25 that in a second. The data recorders record

1 hourly and all stations are surveyed in to
2 NAVD88. The continuous recorders are
3 serviced six to twelve time a year and the
4 reason it varies is there may be hunting
5 season restrictions on access to the site.
6 There are in many cases. The continuous
7 recorders are supplied by the contractor.
8 Also, discrete porewater salinity is
9 measured at each CRMS site during each
10 service trip at the boardwalk. And
11 porewater salinity is also taken at each
12 vegetation station when sampled.

13 Here's a photograph of an open water
14 station. These sites are all there.
15 There's a four by four in -- that's drilled
16 to resistance. That's a continuous recorder
17 and an electrical box with a hefty cable.
18 Then there's a staff gauge adjacent to it
19 that will be read each time you service.

20 This is a boardwalk with a well placed
21 in the marsh (slide presented). Here is a
22 floating marsh mat recorder (slide
23 presented) where a hole is punched in the
24 floating mat and a sone is placed inside
25 that tube. There's also a second recorder

1 at these sites and in open water so they can
2 look at marsh mat too. And then this is a
3 static marsh mat recorder (slide presented)
4 also. These are supplied -- the setups are
5 supplied by DNR but there is an additional
6 continuous recorder at these sites in open
7 water.

8 We also look at surface elevation. At
9 each boardwalk they're in non-floating
10 marsh. There is a rod-surface elevation
11 setup driven to resistance and surveyed in
12 using realtime kinematic survey methods. A
13 typical RSET is sampled twice a year. From
14 February to March and then September to
15 October. In floating marshes, the marsh-mat
16 recorder looks at marsh-mat movement.

17 Here's a picture of a picture of one of
18 our ex-monitoring supervisor's with the rod
19 surface elevation table taking measurements.

20 And accretion -- adjacent to the
21 boardwalk, at the same time that you measure
22 RSET, there are three (3) half meter by half
23 meter Feldspar plots. These were
24 established on a cyclical basis. They were
25 established this year and during this

1 contract term in Spring of 2014, coastwide,
2 there will be new establishments of all the
3 sites. Cores are taken with cryogenic corer
4 on the same day that the elevations are
5 measured. Once again, that's twice per
6 year. The number of cores taken varies from
7 three (3) to nine (9) per sampling period as
8 outlined in our SOP.

9 And here's a photograph of a Feldspar
10 plot and boardwalk. I haven't mentioned
11 this before but all CRMS sites are accessed
12 by boat and there's no walking on the marsh,
13 in and around the site. They are accessed
14 by boardwalk only. A footprint in a
15 Feldspar plot or an RSET plot can ruin the
16 data for that site.

17 Soil properties: we take three (3) cores
18 with a four-inch PVC core-extracting device
19 near each CRMS station. They were all taken
20 at construction. We look at pH (wet and
21 dry), salinity, moisture content, bulk
22 density, organic matter content, and wet and
23 dry volume. Core samples are required at
24 years ten (10) and twenty (20), but at swamp
25 sites they are required every six(6) years.

1 So they will be required during the term of
2 this contract.

3 Site access: access to the sites and our
4 relationships with our landowners is very,
5 very important. The contractor must notify
6 or acquire permission from the landowner
7 prior to accessing their property. We have
8 the landowner agreements that you can look
9 at for certificates that are on the FTP site
10 along with all the other supporting
11 documents.

12 There are often restrictions during
13 hunting season, alligator season, water
14 fowl, deer -- they all apply. Sometimes
15 we're allowed to go out during the duck
16 season split. Sometimes we can't go out to
17 some sites from September to March. The
18 staff will at some time encounter a lessee's
19 who are unaware of the landowner's agreement
20 and you have to be diplomatic with everyone
21 that you meet out in the marsh. Landowner
22 agreements can and will change. Property
23 changes hands and we have to come up with
24 new agreements. And we recommend that the
25 contractor maintain at least one full-time

1 position to handle landright's
2 responsibilities. They may require an e-
3 mail before you go out each time or a phone
4 call. But most of them have requirements.

5 Quality assurance of the data: all data
6 must meet the data quality standards that
7 are outlined in our SOP. The contractor
8 must adhere to the field and QA and QC
9 procedures in the offices, the office
10 timelines, data formats, et cetera.

11 Procedures can and will change. If we find
12 out that some type of data that we're
13 collecting or some methodology is not
14 working out for that particular habitat, we
15 may change things up.

16 Data analysis and management includes
17 QA/QC in the field and in the office. It
18 includes transferring the data to SONRIS and
19 documenting general field condition. And
20 this can account for up to forty (40)
21 percent or fifty (50) percent of the work on
22 this contract.

23 For reporting, the minimum requirements:
24 a weekly e-mail is sent to me and the Field
25 Office Supervisors outlining field

1 conditions. You may have a maintenance
2 issue that you need for the boardwalk. You
3 may encounter a burn or some kind of damage
4 or vandalism to the site that needs to be
5 reported and repaired quickly. Also, a
6 monthly status report to be submitted with
7 invoices indicating the station's service,
8 the data transferred, the raw data and
9 transferred to SONRIS.

10 The overview of the evaluation criteria
11 for this is -- the first is technical
12 approach to the project and the adequacy of
13 the proposal to achieve the requirements of
14 the scope in sufficient detail. That's
15 worth thirty (30) points. Cost is thirty
16 (30) points. The lowest cost will receive
17 thirty (30) and the proposals are rated by
18 the following schedule. Relevant experience
19 of the firm and qualifications of key
20 personnel assigned to the project is thirty
21 (30) points. The Hudson/Veteran Small
22 Entrepreneurship Program is worth ten (10)
23 points.

24 For our performance standards we require
25 timely, complete, and high quality data and

1 deliverable that meet all protocols in our
2 standard operating procedures. We require
3 regular communication at all levels
4 including weekly status reports. And when I
5 say "all levels", the field crews
6 communicate relatively often with our field
7 office personnel for the small issues. And
8 then I have regular conference calls also
9 with the administrative staff. And it's
10 very important to follow all landowner
11 requirements.

12 For additional information, station
13 locations, maps, our standard operating
14 procedures, it's all on the FTP site that
15 we've set up. This presentation will be
16 located on the FTP site. The sign in sheets
17 and any questions that come up during this
18 meeting will also be posted on the FTP site.
19 Also, you can go the CRMS website at
20 lacoast.gov and see what one of the products
21 of our data is. Our data is public. It can
22 be accessed. You can get it digitally. If
23 you're not aware, you can get it wrapped for
24 you as well as our CWPPRA projects.

25 So it's time for questions. Do we have

1 any? (No response.) And once again I'll
2 remind you that your written questions are
3 due February 20, 2012.

4 MS. CALLAWAY:

5 You said the readers were supplied by
6 the contractor. Are there any other pieces
7 of equipment that would have to be supplied
8 by the contractor?

9 MS. WEIFENBACH:

10 We supply the surface elevation tables.
11 The collars are supplied by the contractor.

12 MR. HAYWOOD:

13 All of the meters the contractors
14 supply. Obviously, the boats; new
15 equipment; cameras. All of that.

16 MS. CALLAWAY:

17 I didn't even hear that part but any
18 specific equipment like the computers,
19 meters that --

20 MS. WEIFENBACH:

21 No. You would propose what brand that
22 you would use. An acceptable brand that
23 meets our standards that are outlined in the
24 SOP. Please provide your name for the Court
25 Reporter.

1 MS. CALLAWAY:

2 Sherry Callaway with BFA/LVI out of New
3 Orleans.

4 MR. BORDELON:

5 David Bordelon with Weston Solutions.
6 On the labor category on the request in the
7 RFP --

8 MS. WEIFENBACH:

9 Uh-huh (affirmative).

10 MR. BORDELON:

11 -- there's no indication on how those
12 are going to be rated to determine the
13 thirty (30) points. Is there a formula you
14 all are going to plug that into?

15 MS. WEIFENBACH:

16 I'll turn that over to Renita.

17 MS. HOSKINS:

18 We're going to just do an average of all
19 of those; all of the categories.

20 MR. BORDELON:

21 Even if a project manager would only
22 bill ten (10) hours in a month and a field
23 tech would be --

24 MS. HOSKINS:

25 Right. It's just going to be an average

1 of those and they're going to plug it in to
2 the thirty (30) points divided by the lowest
3 cost and then divided by the total cost.

4 MR. BORDELON:

5 So just a straight --

6 MS. HOSKINS:

7 We're not going to weight it at this
8 point. We usually weight it by a percentage
9 of use. But just to be more accurate and be
10 more fair, we just decided that we'd take
11 all of the categories, add them up and
12 divide by the --

13 MR. BORDELON:

14 Even the equipment?

15 MS. HOSKINS:

16 Uh-huh (affirmative).

17 MR. BORDELON:

18 So it's just going to be a tab down at
19 the bottom?

20 MS. HOSKINS:

21 Uh-huh (affirmative).

22 MS. HUNTER:

23 When do you think you'll have the
24 presentation and the timesheet up on the
25 website?

1 MR. HAYWOOD:

2 The presentation is on the FTP site now
3 and the sign-in sheet we should have up by
4 the end of the day.

5 MR. SHACKELFORD:

6 Jason Shackelford with John Chance Land
7 Surveys. Do you anticipate doing any short
8 listing or interviews or will it strictly be
9 on the proposal?

10 MS. WEIFENBACH:

11 Once we receive the proposals we can
12 determine if we need a presentation based on
13 the proposal.

14 MAN:

15 (Inaudible.) Have you guys decided on a
16 total (inaudible) cost?

17 MR. HAYWOOD:

18 It's based on the proposal.

19 MR. BORDELON:

20 David Bordelon with Weston. All of the
21 sones currently in use are owned by the
22 State; is that correct? Or the current
23 owner?

24 MS. WEIFENBACH:

25 They're owned by the current contractor.

1 MS. HUNTER:

2 Rachel Hunter with Comite Resources.
3 For the methods section, you have a quick
4 detailed SOP that has all of the methods in
5 there. Do you expect to see that
6 methodology -- just kind of copy and paste
7 that in there you know, as far as the
8 methods that are used?

9 MS. WEIFENBACH:

10 In where?

11 MS. HUNTER:

12 I'm sorry. In the proposal?

13 MS. WEIFENBACH:

14 We refer to the SOP for the proposal.

15 MS. HUNTER:

16 So you just want me to explain the
17 methods that are going to be used as
18 detailed in the proposal?

19 MR. HAYWOOD:

20 I don't think you need to cut-and-paste
21 the information out of the SOP into the
22 proposal. You should just reference that
23 you will follow the SOP. I think you can
24 recommend suggested modifications to our
25 SOP's. That's part of our evaluation

1 process. If there are new innovations or
2 some other thing that we might not be aware
3 of that can get at some of what we're trying
4 to get at better, I think that's worth
5 noting in the proposal as well.

6 MS. HUNTER:

7 Okay. Thank you.

8 MR. SHACKELFORD:

9 Jason Shackelford, John Chance Land
10 Surveys. So since all of the sone equipment
11 is owned by the existing contractor, the
12 current contractor, if they were not
13 selected and an alternate contractor was
14 selected, have you taken into account the
15 switch over because they're going to have to
16 pull their sones out and ours would be
17 installed. I know, you know, an August
18 timeframe, do you anticipate -- when do you
19 anticipate the first data to get collected?

20 MS. WEIFENBACH:

21 August 1st.

22 MR. SHACKELFORD:

23 When would the contract be awarded?

24 MS. WEIFENBACH:

25 The contract will be awarded on April 2,

1 which gives plenty of time for the other
2 contractor to get everything together.

3 MR. SHACKELFORD:

4 And that seems fairly ambitious for a
5 contract of this nature. So if you --
6 what's the chance that you would say of that
7 actually happening on that date?

8 MS. WEIFENBACH:

9 You would definitely have to work with
10 the new contractor immediately to layout
11 what can be done and a schedule of getting
12 to the sites and getting everything done as
13 quickly as possible because when you
14 consider that hunting restrictions begin in
15 September, there's a lot of work to be done
16 immediately.

17 MR. SHACKELFORD:

18 Does the site have to be cleared of the
19 old equipment?

20 MS. WEIFENBACH:

21 Uh-huh (affirmative). Well, pulling a
22 sone is pretty much quick and easy.

23 MR. SHACKELFORD:

24 Right.

25 MS. WEIFENBACH:

1 Because there are the boardwalks, the
2 staff gauges, everything else is there.

3 MR. HAYWOOD:

4 Are you asking how confident we are that
5 the award is going to be given out on the
6 2nd to give you time?

7 MR. SHACKELFORD:

8 Just logistics of having the different
9 contractor go out and pull all their
10 equipment and get the new equipment
11 installed and surveyed to make sure that we
12 are collecting the highest quality data as
13 of that date.

14 MS. SHARP:

15 You wouldn't pull the four by four that
16 the sone is mounted to. That would stay.
17 And it's got a survey nail. So you would
18 just deploy your instrument down the hole.
19 You would take down to the sensor elevation
20 and you would be ready to rock-n-roll.

21 MR. SHACKELFORD:

22 But they wouldn't pull their instrument
23 prior to putting a new instrument in?

24 MS. SHARP:

25 Yes. They would pull their instrument

1 but that's just taking the sone and the
2 cable, not the box and the four by four.

3 MR. SHACKELFORD:

4 Right. But this is the interim period
5 between the switch over. There could be two
6 sones hanging from the same four by four.

7 MR. HAYWOOD:

8 No. I think the current contractor
9 would have their equipment pulled by the
10 August 1 start date so that you would be
11 ready to hit the ground with your new sones.

12 MR. SHACKELFORD:

13 And that's what I'm saying is
14 logistically, when -- does the existing data
15 collection ever go on at the 381 sites can't
16 be switched over on a weekend.

17 MS. WEIFENBACH:

18 Right.

19 MR. SHACKELFORD:

20 So just trying to see if -- obviously
21 you don't want any disruption of data
22 collection between the current and the
23 future. It was just the logistics of how to
24 deal with it.

25 MS. WEIFENBACH:

1 Right. Well when we work with the new
2 contractor to set up an aggressive schedule
3 to get everything installed as quickly as
4 possible. So I would just anticipate -- the
5 contractor would have to anticipate that.
6 But before duck season or we're out half the
7 year's data and we can't have that.

8 Okay. Thank you.

9
10 (THE MEETING CONCLUDED AT 10:32 A.M.)
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

C E R T I F I C A T E

This certification is valid only for a transcript accompanied by my original signature and official seal on this page.

I, SUSAN ERKEL, Certified Court Reporter, in and for the State of Louisiana, as the officer before whom this meeting was taken, do hereby certify that the foregoing 26 pages were reported by me in the voice-writing method, and was prepared and transcribed by me or under my personal direction and supervision, and is a true and correct transcript to the best of my ability and understanding;

That I am not related to counsel or to the parties herein; am not otherwise interested in the outcome of this matter; and am a valid member in good standing of the Louisiana State Board of Examiners of Certified Shorthand Reporters.



A handwritten signature in blue ink, reading "Susan Erkel", is written over a horizontal line.

SUSAN ERKEL

CERTIFIED COURT REPORTER

LICENSE NO. 24005

R E P O R T E R ' S P A G E

I, SUSAN ERKEL, Certified Court Reporter in
and for the State of Louisiana, before whom this
hearing was taken, do hereby state on the
Record:

That due to the interaction in the
spontaneous discourse of this proceeding, dashes
(--) have been used to indicate pauses, changes
in thought, and/or talkovers;

That same is the proper method for a Court
Reporter's transcription of proceedings, and
that the dashes (--) do not indicate that words
or phrases have been left out of this
transcript;

That any words and/or names which could not
be verified through reference material have been
denoted with the phrase "(spelled
phonetically)."



SUSAN ERKEL

CERTIFIED COURT REPORTER

LICENSE NO. 24005